- Take out your WS7 and Giancoli problems
- •Talk in your pairs:
  - •Air resistance causes objects to slow down the faster they go. In what circumstances might the fact that air resistance exists be a good thing, for safety purposes?

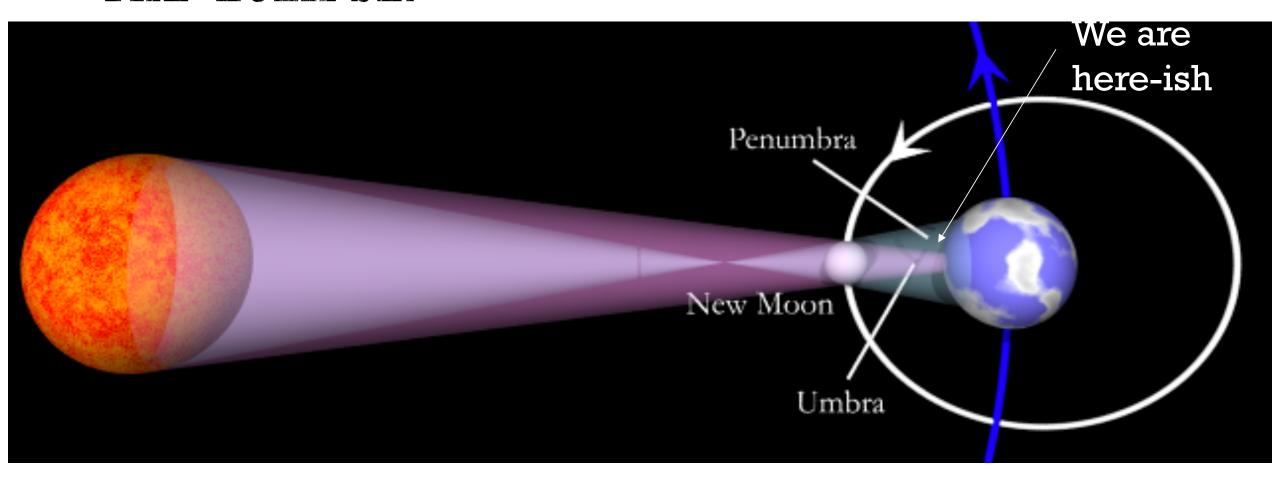


#### GOALS FOR TODAY

- •Talk about the eclipse!
- Free fall concepts
- Bouncy ball part 2

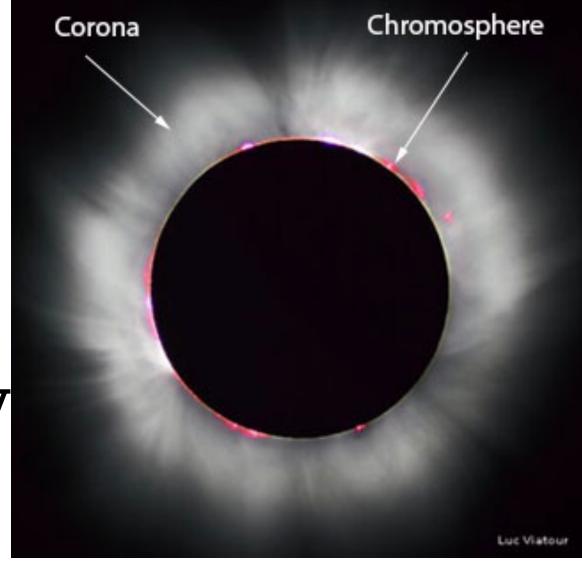


# THE ECLIPSE!



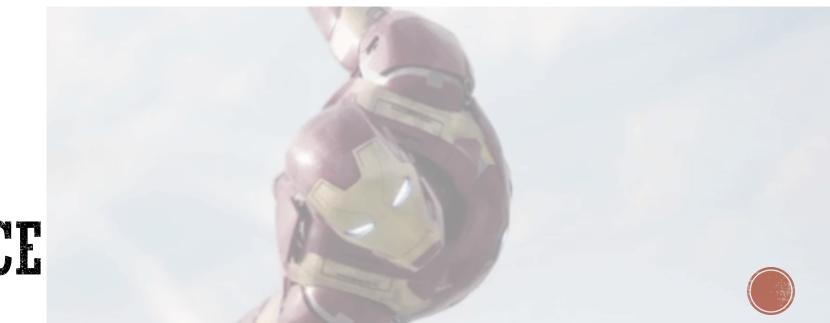


- •The corona is the outer atmosphere of the sun
- The chromosphere is the thin layer of the sun's atmosphere just above the photosphere
- When the moon completely covers the photosphere, this is called totality





- The faster an object goes, the larger slowing
  effect air resistance has on slowing the object.
- Object shape/area also plays a role
- Without air resistance, things would fall faster and faster without anything to slow them!



### AIR RESISTANCE

- Terminal velocity happens when the force of air resistance (drag force) = Force due to gravity -> maximum possible speed
- (Side note: terminal velocity for a baseball is 95 mph)

## AIR RESISTANCE

#### COMMON MISCONCEPTIONS

- "Velocity and acceleration will always be pointing in the same direction."
  - Velocity refers to the direction of movement,
    acceleration refers to direction that the movement is changing



#### COMMON MISCONCEPTIONS

- "An object has zero acceleration at its highest point."
  - An object's velocity is 0 at its highest point



#### COMMON MISCONCEPTIONS

- "An object's acceleration is increasing as it falls."
  - Acceleration of an object in free fall is always -9.81 m/s<sup>2</sup>. It's the *speed* that is increasing as it falls.



# QUIZ 2

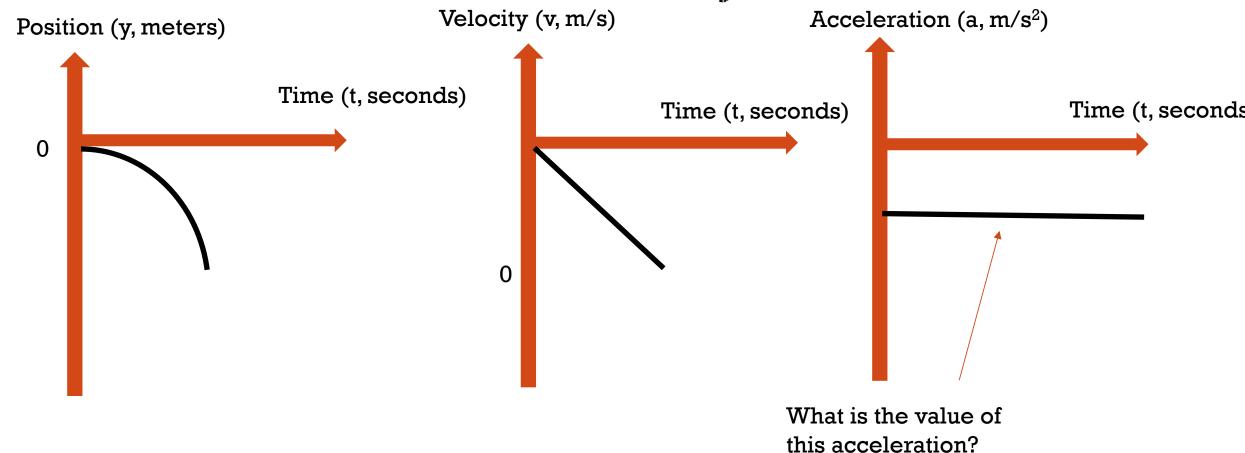
 Conceptual and numerical questions about kinematics/freefall



## BOUNCY BALL PART 2

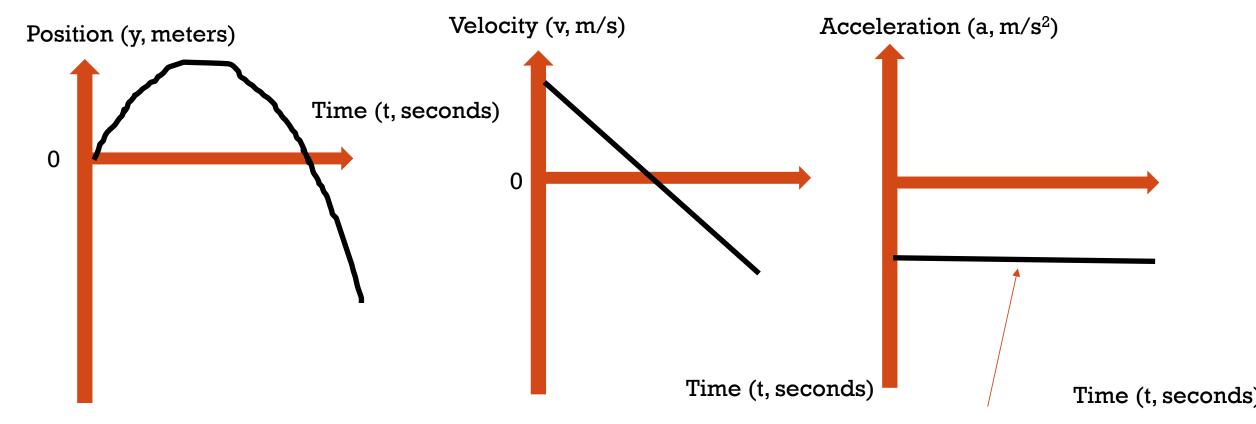


## GRAPHING FREE FALL IF WE JUST DROP THE THING





#### GRAPHING FREE FALL IF WE THROW THE THING UP



What is the value of this acceleration?



### GRAPHING FREE FALL IF WE THROW THE THING DOWN

